

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

CASCADE DIVISION

TIME TABLE NO. 54.

EFFECTIVE 12:01 A. M.

SUNDAY, JAN. 14, 1906.

General Rules, Regulating the Movement of Trains, are contained in Book of Rules for the Government of the Operating Department, a copy of which must be in possession of each employe in train service while on duty.

This Time Table is not intended for the information of the public, nor as an advertisement of the time or hours of any train. The Company reserves the right to vary from it at pleasure. It is for the information of employes only.

B. B. GREER,
Asst. Superintendent

W. D. SCOTT,
Superintendent

H. A. KENNEDY,
Asst. Gen'l Superintendent.

GEORGE T. SLADE,
General Superintendent.

F. E. WARD,
General Manager.

Stations	Distances from Seattle	Telegraph Colls.	Telegraph Offices	First Class		First Class		First Class		Second Class		Third Class		Third Class		Third Class		Second Class		Water, Coal, Scales, Cars and Wagon	Car Capacity	Distance from St. Paul	Distance from Leavenworth	EFFECTIVE 12.01 A. M. JAN. 14, 1906.																										
				No. 2		No. 4		No. 272		No. 274		No. 276		No. 402		No. 712		No. 714							No. 718		No. 720																							
				Passenger Daily	AM Ar	Passenger Daily	PM Ar Mt 1	Passenger Daily	PM Ar Mt 401	Passenger Daily	PM Ar Mt 401	Passenger Daily	PM Ar Mt 401	Time Freight Daily	PM Ar Mt 1 Mt 401	Way Freight Daily	AM Ar Mt 3	Way Freight Daily	PM Ar Mt 3						Way Freight Daily	PM Ar Mt 3	Time Freight Daily	PM Ar Mt 3																						
Leavenworth	141.8	CH	DN	2:25	AM Ar	2:20	PM Ar Mt 1				4:30	PM Ar	12:40	AM Ar Mt 3						W. C. T.	231	1690.0	0	Leavenworth																										
DRURY	135.5			2:08		2:01					4:05		12:10	AM								42	1696.3	6.3	DRURY																									
CHWAWKUM	131.3	CY	DN	1:57		1:50	Mt 401				3:50		11:50							W.	89	1700.5	10.5	CHWAWKUM																										
NASON CREEK	124.3			1:42		1:34					3:25		11:20									55	1707.5	17.5	NASON CREEK																									
MERRITT	121.3	CK	D	1:35	Mt 3	1:28					3:15	Mt 1 Mt 401	11:05							W.	55	1710.5	20.5	MERRITT																										
GATNER	116.9			1:20		1:16					2:45		10:50									43	1714.9	24.9	GATNER																									
BEENE	113.8			1:11		1:08					2:30		10:35	Mt 711						W.	42	1718.0	25.0	BEENE																										
CASCADE TUNNEL	109.5	CN	DN	1:00		12:57					2:10		10:05							W. T.	214	1722.3	32.3	CASCADE TUNNEL																										
WELLINGTON	105.9	WN	DN	12:46		12:45					1:15		9:10							W. C.	92	1725.9	35.9	WELLINGTON																										
ALVIN	102.3			12:32		12:28	Ps 402				12:28	PM 4 Ps	8:25							W.	65	1729.5	39.5	ALVIN																										
COREA	99.6			12:23	Mt 711	12:17					11:45		7:55									43	1732.2	42.2	COREA																									
MADISON	96.6	MA	DN	12:10	AM	12:05	PM				11:10		7:20							W.	53	1735.2	45.2	MADISON																										
NIPPON	93.5			11:54		11:49					10:25		6:35	Mt 401								41	1738.3	48.3	NIPPON																									
SKYKOMISH	84.8	KY	DN	11:20	De Ar	11:20	De Ar				9:50		6:05							W. C. Y. O.	145	1747.0	57.0	SKYKOMISH																										
GROTTO	80.7			11:10		11:08					9:00	De # 713	5:20	# 1 PM De	3:00	PM Ar						68	1751.1	61.1	GROTTO																									
HALFORD	75.7			10:59		10:57					7:55									W.	69	1754.1	65.1	HALFORD																										
INDEX	70.6	NX	DN	10:44		10:44					7:30											69	1754.1	65.1	INDEX																									
ROBY	65.5			10:30		10:28	Mt 713				6:50									W.	81	1766.3	76.3	ROBY																										
GOLD BAR	61.8	GB	D	10:20		10:19					6:15									Y.	113	1770.0	80.0	GOLD BAR																										
STARTUP	59.4			10:15		10:15					5:55											17	1772.4	82.4	STARTUP																									
SULTAN	56.0	SU	DN	10:10		10:07	Ps 714				5:30									W.	76	1775.8	85.8	SULTAN																										
MONROE	48.5	RO	D	9:54	Mt 401	9:52					5:00	Mt 3										65	1783.3	93.3	MONROE																									
SNODGRASS	41.6	S	DN	9:40		9:37					4:20											83	1790.2	100.2	SNODGRASS																									
LOWELL	35.8	W	DN	9:29		9:25					3:55											34	1796.0	106.0	LOWELL																									
Via N. P. RY. DELTA																															3:30	AM De													Delta					
Pacific Avenue	31.2	D	DN	9:25		9:20	Mt 275	5:15	PM Ar	10:02	AM Ar	7:05	PM Ar Mt 1													127	1797.6	107.6	Pacific Avenue																					
EVERETT	33.1	NE	DN	9:21		9:16		5:11		9:58		6:58																	EVERETT																					
EVERETT JUNCTION	32.5			9:16		9:11		5:06		9:49		6:48														0	1799.5	109.5	EVERETT JUNCTION																					
MURLETT	28.8	MU	D	9:09		9:04		5:00		9:42	Mt 275	6:40														61	1809.3	113.3	MURLETT																					
MOSEBY	24.3			9:00	Mt 271	8:56		4:52		9:32		6:30														65	1807.5	117.5	MOSEBY																					
MEADOWDALE	21.6			8:54	Ps 718	8:51		4:47		9:27		6:25														55	1810.2	120.2	MEADOWDALE																					
EDMONDS	17.4	DR	D	8:45		8:43		4:40		9:18		6:17								W.	103	1814.4	124.4	EDMONDS																										
RICHMOND BEACH	14.4			8:38		8:37		4:35		9:09		6:08														58	1817.4	127.4	RICHMOND BEACH																					
METUM	8.2			8:26	Mt 1	8:25		4:24		8:55		5:55														26	1823.6	133.6	METUM																					
BALLARD	0.2	BD	D	8:18		8:18		4:17		8:48		5:48														102	1826.6	136.6	BALLARD																					
INTERBAY	4.2	RB	DN	8:15		8:15	Mt 717	4:15		8:45		5:45																	INTERBAY																					
SEATTLE	0	BA	DN	8:00	PM De	8:00	AM De	4:00	PM De	8:30	AM De	5:30	PM De																SEATTLE																					
No. 2 daily																																																		
No. 4 daily																																																		
No. 272 daily																																																		
No. 274 daily																																																		
No. 276 daily																																																		
No. 402 daily																																																		
No. 712 daily																																																		
No. 714 daily																																																		
No. 718 daily																																																		
No. 720 daily																																																		

West Bound Trains are Superior to East Bound Trains of the same class. See Rule 43.

All trains will be handled under absolute control and without regard to making schedule time at all points where land or snow slides or falling rock are liable to be encountered. Destroy all Time Tables of previous date. (See Rule 5.)

Trains must not follow each other out of Stations less than 15 minutes apart.

men will again examine each car and see that brakes release before giving the signal to start the train. Conductors must inform engineers how many cars loaded and empty in the train, and how many cars of "air" are working.

All retainers must be used from Cascade Tunnel to Merritt, and from Chiwaukum to Leavenworth, and from Cascade Tunnel to Skykomish.

NOTE—All trains are operated under a block system between Block Post 135 feet west of east cross-over switch, Cascade Tunnel, and the east switch of the passing track at Wellington.

No westbound train must pass the Block Post at Cascade Tunnel, and no eastbound train must pass the east switch of the passing track at Wellington, to enter the block, without a block clearance card, properly filled out, in the possession of the conductor and engineer, respectively.

Only one train is permitted to enter or use the block at the same time.

Seattle yard limit extends to the yard-limit board east of Ballard. All retainers except regular passenger trains will run under control between this yard-limit board and Seattle, expecting to find main track occupied.

West-bound trains will not exceed schedule time between Halford and the east mile-board at Gold Bar.

All except first class trains must be under absolute control while passing through yard limits Leavenworth, Skykomish, Lowell, Pacific Avenue and Delta.

Semaphores are located 1200 feet west of west switch Edmonds, 1200 feet east of east switch Madison and 1200 feet west of west switch at Chiwaukum.

Horizontal position of the semaphore blades by day and yellow light shown by night indicates that switches with which the distant signals are connected are open and approaching trains should immediately be brought under control ready to either stop before reaching the open switch or to enter it at a proper rate of speed.

Diagonal position of the blades and green lights displayed at night indicate that switches with which the distant signals are connected are properly set and train should proceed as per rule.

Under no circumstances must distant signals be used as flags by trains standing between switches, nor will their use modify in any way the existing rule in regard to the protection of trains standing at stations.

Cars must not be set out on passing tracks without an order from the Superintendent.

Empty flats and gondolas must be hauled in trains behind all loaded and empty box, stock and refrigerator cars, and when helper engine used they must be put behind it and ahead of caboose.

Outfit cars must be placed next to caboose. When helper engine used they must be put behind it and ahead of caboose.

J. C. DEVERY, Chief Train Dispatcher.

Freight trains will use Northern Pacific tracks between Lowell and Delta, and will be governed by N. P. time table between these points

NAME AND LOCATION OF SPUR TRACKS.

NAME OF SPUR	Location M. P.	STATION		Distance	Track Opens	Capacity Cars	NAME OF SPUR	Location M. P.	STATION		Distance	Track Opens	Capacity Cars	NAME OF SPUR	Location M. P.	STATION		Distance	Track Opens	Capacity Cars	
		EAST	WEST						EAST	WEST						EAST	WEST				
Woods Spur	1688.1		Chiwaukum	2.5	East	11	Nickerson Mach'y Co.	33.1	Everett		0.0	West	4	Alger Mineral Spur	82.5	Alger			East	9	
Kirby Mill Spur	1732.0	Skykomish		0.1	East	12	Everett Milling Co.	33.5	Everett Jct.	1.5	East	15	Gaudette's Spur	82.5	Alger			0.0	East	8	
Skykomish Mill Co.'s Spur	1734.4	Skykomish		0.3	East	20	Clark-Nickerson Mill	34.0	Everett Jct.	1.8	West	31	Samish Lake Spur	85.2		Samish Lake	0.1	East	90		
Great Republic Mining Co.	1733.6	Skykomish		1.5	West	14	Log Dump Spur	34.0	Everett Jct.	1.8		21	Owens Spur	85.2	Off Samish	Spur		West	5		
Berlin Spur, Miller Riv Co	1733.6	Skykomish		1.5	West	4	Wheelhan Spur	34.1	Everett Jct.	1.9	West	7	Lindley Spur	85.2	Off Samish	Spur		East	1		
G. N. Shingle Co.'s Siding	1739.6	Grotte		3.5	Both ends	24	Neffs Spur	34.5	Long Siding	1.0	East	50	Sound Shingle Co.'s Spur	79.4		Belleville	2.9	Both Ends	3		
Smith Lbr. Co.	1744.3	Index		0.5	East	12	Blackman Spur	36.0	Long Siding	0.4	East	7	McCoy's Tr. Track	80.3	Bow			1.2	West	3	
Heybrook Spur	1744.7	Index		1.5	East	2	Union Slough	37.3	Marysville	1.5	East	6	Winner Shingle Co.'s Spur	81.2	Bow			0.2	West	6	
Ellis Quarry Spur	1745.7	Index		0.5	West	9	Kruse Bros. Spur	42.1	Marysville	1.4	West	4	Blanchard Spur	84.1	Samish			1.0	West	3	
Soderburg Spur	1746.9	Index		0.7	West	10	Cox's Spur	42.7	Marysville	2.0	West	2	Chuckanut Cannery Spur	91.5	Chuckanut			0.7	West	8	
Robinson's Spur	1745.6	Gold Bar		0.5	East	26	Zindorf Spur	44.6	Marysville	3.9	East	2	Chuckanut Quarry Spur	91.8	Chuckanut			1.0	West	38	
Black Bros. Spur	1757.4	Startup		0.0	West	26	Kennedy Spur	45.2	Marysville	4.2	East	6	Marietta Spur	101.0		Bellingham	0.9	East	2		
Caseys Spur	1759.3	Sultan		1.3	East	5	British Spur	45.5	Silvana	4.4	East	2	Henry Spur	103.0	Brennan			1.0	East	2	
Sultan Lumber Co. Spur	1763.2	Sultan		1.5	West		Summit Mill Co.	46.0	Marysville	4.7	East	2	LaPointe Spur	104.2		Brenna	0.0	East	2		
Owens Spur	1763.6	Monroe		4.7	East	3	Rogish Spur	47.0	Silvana	2.9	East	16	Sand Pit Spur	108.7	Enterprise			1.0	East	15	
Holmquist Spur	1767.3	Monroe		1.0	East	4	Norman Spur	51.0	Silvana	1.1	East	2	Shields Spur	108.9	Enterprise			0.8	East	2	
Monroe Mill Spur	1768.0	Monroe		1.0	East	9	Rabels Spur	51.7	Silvana	1.8	West	2	Enterprise Spur	109.2	Enterprise			0.5	East	3	
Monroe Gravel Pit	1768.3	Monroe		0.0	West	36	Washington Shingle Co.	52.4		1.1	East	3	Red Cedar Shingle Co.	110.5	Custer			2.5	East	9	
Wood and Iverson Spur	1771.3	Monroe		3.0	East	8	Manley & Church Spur	54.2	Stanwood	1.4	East	4	McDonald Spur	113.0		Custer	1.2	East	2		
Cascade Cedar Spur	1775.2	Snohomish		0.3	East	27	Hals Spur	54.3	Stanwood	1.5	West	2	Melrose Spur	114.3		Custer	2.5	East	5		
Cresote Spur	1780.6	Lowell		0.5	West	25	Ketchum Spur	59.6	Stanwood	2.0	East	2	Blaine Shingle Co.'s Spur	117.0	Blaine			2.0	West	12	
House Track	1781.1	Lowell		0.0	East	25	Morrison Mill Spur	61.6	Fir	2.5	East	8	Blaine Spur	119.0	Blaine			1.9	East		
State Mill Co.	35.2	Everett		0.5	East	12	Milltown	62.2	Fir	2.2	East	6	Shelton Spur (off Blaine spr.)						East	2	
Power House Spur	1782.2	Everett		0.1	West	5	Hawley Spur	62.4	Fir	2.0	West	5	City Dock Spur (off Blaine spur)						East	81	
G. N. Clay Co. Spur	10.3	Metum		2.0	West	10	Skagit Crossing Tr. Track	63.4	Fir	1.0	East	2	Erie Mill Spur (off City Dock Spur)						East	6	
R. W. Mills Spur	12.0	Richmond Bch		2.3	East	2	Little Mountain Spur	67.7	Mt. Vernon	2.0	East	3	Monarch Mill Spur (off City Dock Spur)						East	14	
Brady's Spur	17.4	Edmonds		0.0	West	3	Skagit Spur	69.8	Mt. Vernon	2.0	East	3	Hazelmere Spur	122.4		Blaine	3.4	West	3		
Sand Spur	14.0	Edmonds		3.4	West	7	Burlington Quarry	72.5	Burlington	0.5	East	11	McNair Spur	129.6		Cloverdale	2.0	East	5		
Mukilteo Lumber Co.	14.0	Mukilteo		2.1	West	10	Butler Spur	77.0	Belleville	0.1	East	2	Gravel Spur	137.0		Port Kells	2.4	East	3		
McNeeley No. 2	32.5	Everett Jct.		0.5	East	9	Belfast Mfg. Co.	76.5	Belfast	0.5	East	10	Liverpool Wharf Spur	141.8		Liverpool	0.6	East	21		
Weyerhaeuser Timber Co.	32.8	Everett Jct.		1.0	East	38	Samish P.t Spur	76.6	Belfast	0.6	East	52	Brownsville Spur	144.5		Liverpool	2.1	East	9		
Nail House Spur	32.8	Everett Jct.		1.0	West	24	Burlington Mill Spur	76.9	Belfast	0.1	East	6									
							Desmond Spur	81.7	Alger		1.4	West	3								

Capacity of Different Classes of Engines in Tons in Addition to Weight of Engine, Tender and Caboose—Cascade Division.

	Ruling	GOING EAST										Ruling	GOING WEST										
		F 4 to F 9	B 2 & B 3	F 1 & B 5	B 2	D 4	B 6	B 16 to B 19	B 20	B 21 & B 22	F 4 to F 9		B 2 & B 3	F 1 & B 5	B 2	D 4	B 6	B 16 to B 19	B 20	B 21 & B 22			
	Grade	20x32 210 lb	19x32 200 lb	19x26 180 lb	19x24 150 lb	19x24 180 lb	17x24 145 lb	17x24 140 lb	18x24 145 lb	18x24 150 lb		Grade	20x32 210 lb	19x32 200 lb	19x26 180 lb	19x24 150 lb	17x24 145 lb	17x24 140 lb	18x24 145 lb	18x24 150 lb			
Everett to Skykomish	1.0	1200	1000	775	575	715	385		435			Leavenworth to Cascade Tunnel	2.2	600	480	360	275	340	185		200		
Skykomish to Cascade Tunnel	2.2	600	480	360	276	340	183		200			Cascade Tunnel to Lowell	Down	1500	1250	900							
Cascade Tunnel to Leavenworth	Down	1500	1250	900								Delta to Seattle	.4	2500	2100	1460	1120				780	870	870
Seattle to Delta	.5	2100	1750	1350	1050			675	750	750		Delta to Silvana	.4	2500	2100	1460	1120				780	870	870
Silvana to Delta	.55	1800	1400	1080	875			600	675	675		Silvana to Bellingham	.5	2100	1800	1350	1050				675	750	750
Bellingham to Silvana	.5	2100	1800	1350	1050			675	750	750		Bellingham to Westminster	1.1	1080	900	700	515				345	490	490
Westminster to Bellingham	1.5	800	675	600	485			280	310	310													

DERAIL SWITCHES.

Derail Switches must always be set for derail except when in actual use, whether there are any cars on these tracks or not.
 Cascade Tunnel east passing track lead, 30 feet from main line.
 Wellington, west end passing track.
 Wellington Safety Switch, 70 feet west of station, on main line.

Alvin, 150 feet east of west passing track switch head block.
 Index Passing track 120 feet from west head block.
 Roby, west end passing track.
 Ellis Quarry Spur.
 Monroe Mill Spur, 200 feet from head block.

Sultan Jct., 145 feet from head block.
 Power House Spur, 105 feet from head block.
 Mukilteo Lumber Co. Spur, 144 feet from head block.
 Samish Lake, M. P. 85.2, on Spur, 3635 feet north from head block.
 Chuckanut, east end siding. B. B. & E. Transfer Track east end.
 Ferndale, 200 feet from east head block passing track.

The following will govern when handling empty cars: With 10 or less empty cars in a train no allowance will be made for wheel friction; with 10 to 20 empty cars in a train, add to actual weight 5 tons for each empty car for wheel friction; with more than 20 empty cars in a train add 6 tons per car for wheel friction.

CONTENTS OF MEDICAL CASE.

Conductors Must Study and Familiarize Themselves with the List of Articles in the Case, and Their Uses.

- No. 1. Rubber Bandage and Tourniquet, for stopping hemorrhage: apply on sound flesh above the wound, draw tightly each time, and encircle the limb until the whole bandage is used. **Fasten securely** in slot.
- No. 2. Twelve Assorted Muslin Bandages, to hold dressings in place, assist in stopping hemorrhages, and hold splints upon fractured limbs; wind around the injured part from below upward.
- No. 3. Six packages of Borated Gauze, a prepared dressing for open wounds, always used to cover large wounds; **apply wet** (by dipping in solution, see No. 7) directly to the wound.
- No. 4. Four packages Absorbent Cotton. This is for making compresses, and to assist in covering a large wound; **Do not apply directly to the wound.**
- No. 5. One ounce Styptic Cotton. This Cotton is permeated with a substance which stops small hemorrhages: apply directly to small wounds and hold in place with muslin bandage.
- No. 6. Two ounces Bicarbonate Soda, for burns and scalds, one tablespoonful to a quart of water; saturate a piece of the gauze and apply over a burn or scald, and fasten with bandage.
- No. 7. One bottle Corrosive Sub. Tablets. These small tablets are to be dissolved in clean water, preferably warm, in the proportion of one tablet to a pint of water; with this solution you disinfect a wound and keep it free from infection. **THEY ARE POISONOUS** if swallowed or the solution be drunk.
- No. 8. Four Surgical Needles, to be used for closing small cuts or jagged wounds, after thoroughly cleansing with the sublimate solution.
- No. 9. One Pair Scissors, used in cutting dressings, bandages, clothing, etc.
- No. 10. One Pair Forceps, used for removing bits of gravel, and to seize a bleeding artery while it is being tied.
- No. 11. One Dozen Envelopes Catgut (two sizes), to be used in tying an artery when it is seen free and bleeding in a wound, also for closing small wounds. **Never Save any Catgut** once the envelope is open. Note directions on envelopes.
- No. 12. One Roll Adhesive Plaster, for closing small torn or cut wounds, after they are cleansed with the sublimate solution. **It needs no heat; apply directly to the skin, which must be perfectly dry.**
- No. 13. One Cake Red Cross Soap, used in cleansing an injured part around a wound.
- No. 14. One Can Chloroform, for anesthesia.
- No. 15. One Ounce Antifebrin, an antiseptic powder for dusting on fresh wounds.
- No. 16. One Hand Brush, for brushing the hands and nails thoroughly with the Red Cross Soap before handling an open wound.
- No. 17. One Enamel Tray, for corrosive sublimate solution (see No. 7).
- No. 18. One Yard Wire Gauze, for making splints (see directions under fractures, No. 5).
- No. 19. One Dozen Safety Pins.
- No. 20. One Pyramid of Pins.

RULES FOR TREATMENT OF THE INJURED IMMEDIATELY AFTER AN ACCIDENT.

1. Shock. This condition usually follows every severe injury. The chief point is to restore heat to the body as soon as the injured person is put in a comfortable position. Do this by covering with heavy coats, previously warmed, if practicable. Cut off the shoes or boots and wrap the feet in a warmed coat or blanket. Give only small dose of whiskey in hot water.
2. Hemorrhage (Bleeding). This follows shock, and is rarely severe until reaction takes place. Too much stimulation increases hemorrhage and for this reason it is best to give only a little stimulant, well warmed, and repeat the dose if reaction is delayed.

Bleeding of two kinds: First, arterial, when the blood comes out bright and red and in spurts. Second, venous, when the blood is dark and flows in an even stream.

A. To stop hemorrhage when the wound is large and the blood comes out in spurts. Apply the rubber band tightly just above the wound, previously raising the wounded part, especially if it be a limb. Be careful to put the band on **UNINJURED FLESH** if the limb be badly crushed and about three inches above the crushed tissues, else it would slip down and increase the hemorrhage. **Be very careful to see that the band be firmly fixed** before leaving it. Small wounds, even though the hemorrhage be arterial, require only a firm compress of the sublimate gauze placed immediately over the wound and bandaged tightly in place with one of the muslin bandages. It is best after this to bandage firmly from the extremity (hand or foot) upward to beyond the wound with muslin bandage.

B. Venous bleeding, which occurs when the wound is shallow (does not go deeper than the skin), as a rule requires firm pressure over the wound and especially below it. If the wound be quite small, put a wad of styptic cotton into and over it and bandage tightly in place, and then apply a bandage from below upwards over and beyond the wound. If the wound be extensive, fill it full of sublimate gauze and then put a thick wad of absorbent cotton over it and bandage tightly from below upward.

C. Bleeding from the head, if only the scalp is involved, may be controlled by bringing the wounded or torn surfaces together and applying along the wound a thick layer of styptic cotton, and over this another layer of absorbent cotton and a tight bandage. It is well to pass the bandage under the chin if the wound be on top of the head, as this holds it firmer and tighter.
3. Remove the clothing from the wounded part by cutting it away. Do not attempt to tear or draw clothing off, as this may further injure the wounded part. **Always see the wound and know by your eye** just what the nature of it is.
4. After Hemorrhage has been stopped. The next point is to prevent the wound from being infected and thus prevent blood poisoning. To accomplish this the wound should be cleaned if badly soiled. If soiled by oil and soot or dirt, bathe it gently with a small quantity of antiseptic soap and warm water. After it is apparently clean, wash it out carefully with a pint of warm water in which one of the corrosive sublimate tablets has been dissolved, using a piece of gauze to do this. Then wet several layers of the borated gauze in a fresh solution of the same strength used in washing the wound and lay them over the wound and bandage in place with a muslin bandage. Always cover an open wound with a piece of gauze

wet in the solution of corrosive sublimate (one tablet to a pint of water) before transporting the wounded man. Never allow an open wound to remain unprotected longer than the time employed in stopping hemorrhage. **Remember a soiled covering is worse than none at all, however.**

5. Fractures. If a bone be broken in any of the limbs the member should be firmly fixed before the injured individual be moved. If this be not done, great injury may result by the movements of the sharp fragments of the bone while the individual is being transported. Use flat piece of wire gauze, broken or cut into strips long enough to reach beyond the two nearest joints, will do. A bundle of twigs or stout straws may also serve when nothing else is to be had. Always put one of the improvised splints on either side of the limb, then tie a bandage over the splints at either extremity and in the middle. If there be a wound treat it according to the foregoing rules and then apply the splints, using some clean gauze as padding or some strips torn from clothing. If there be no wound, apply the splints over the trousers or sleeve. If nothing of any kind can be obtained to make a splint, tie the fractured leg or thigh to the sound one, or the fractured arm firmly to the side of the body, by a muslin bandage.

6. Compound fractures are fractures accompanied by a wound of the soft tissues at the point of fracture, so that the bone is exposed to the air. In these cases treat hemorrhage and the wound according to the foregoing rules and then apply splints. If the bones project beyond the skin, remember to bring them back into place by pulling the extremity in the direction of the displacement, never in the direction the bone normally should be, until the ends of the fragments are quite free from any over-riding. Be very careful always to cover these WOUNDS with the wet sublimate GAUZE and bandage it on.

7. Burns. Carefully remove the clothing by cutting it off, if the part be clothed, and apply immediately three or four thicknesses of the borated gauze wet in warm water, in which one tablespoonful of the bicarbonate of soda to the quart has been dissolved. As a rule never attempt to clean burns immediately after they occur. Cover the wounded part immediately as directed above and leave the cleansing to the surgeon afterward.

Extensive burns are attended by great shock as a rule, and require free stimulation. As burns are very rarely followed by hemorrhage, stimulants may be and should be given in considerable quantities.

8. Prostration from Excessive Heat. In these cases (not sunstroke) the face is pale, lips colorless or blue, breathing slow and quiet, pulse slow and very weak. Place the patient on his back, with his head level with his body, and loosen clothing. Apply heat to the surface of the body and extremities. Bathe the face with warm water into which a little alcohol or whiskey has been poured, and if he can swallow, give the patient an ounce of whiskey in as much warm water.

B. Prostration from Drinking too much Ice Water when Overheated. The face is red or even purple, the breathing heavy and irregular, pulse irregular. Loosen clothing, place on back with head slightly elevated. Give hot drinks, apply heat to the spine and the extremities.

9. Position in which a Patient should be Placed after Injury. Injuries to the head require that the head be raised higher than the level of the body. In all cases, if practical, lay the patient on his back with the limbs stretched out in their natural positions; loosen the collar and waistbands, and unless the head be injured, remember to have the head on the same level as the body. Do not bolster it up with anything.

INSTRUCTION FOR STRETCHERS.

The equipment includes—

- 1 Stretcher,
- 1 Pair of Blankets,
- 1 Pillow,
- 1 Pillow Case,
- 1 Rubber Pillow Case,
- 1 Water-proof Cover,
- 1 Pair Wall Brackets.

The bedding and side pieces are to be kept strapped on the stretcher, and the latter placed on the wall bracket.

When about to use the stretcher, unbuckle the straps from the side pieces which hold down the bedding, and buckle them tightly underneath, to guard against the breaking of a spring; place the side pieces properly on the sides, place the rubber cover over the stretcher for protection against blood and discharges. The blanket is to be used double, as a cover for the patient.

Whenever necessary to do so, the patient may be lifted on the inner portion of the stretcher resting on the springs, without lifting the whole stretcher. In cramped positions, and for purposes of examination, this will be found convenient.

When storing the stretcher away, fold the blanket and pillow neatly into a narrow, even and compact parcel, and envelop this in the rubber cover, folding in the ends first. Place this on the stretcher with the side pieces on top, to assist in holding it in position, then pass the straps through the keepers on the side pieces, and fasten all snugly in place. This will protect the bedding, if properly done, from moths and wet. The whole stretcher should then be placed on the brackets.

The blanket should be taken out occasionally and shaken, to prevent damage from moths, as well as to keep it cleanly at all times. Replace at once, so that the stretcher is ready for immediate use whenever required.

The stretcher and bedding must not be used for any other purpose than in transporting injured persons.

Agents will be personally responsible for the care of property, and will be particular to take proper receipts whenever it is allowed to go out of his possession, and will notify his Division Superintendent when sent out and by whom.

Stations where stretchers are kept are as follows:

St. Paul Frt. Office,	Sioux Falls,	Glasgow,	Leavenworth,
St. Paul Shops,	Sioux City,	Havre,	Everett,
Minneapolis Jct.,	Breckenridge,	Great Falls Shops,	Carman,
Hamline Transfer,	Grand Forks,	Cut Bank,	Cass Lake,
St. Cloud Shops,	Larimore,	Whitefish,	West Superior,
Meirose,	Devils Lake,	Libby,	Sandstone,
Barnesville,	Minot,	Hillyard Shops,	Swan River.
Willmar,	Williston,		

COMPANY SURGEONS.

St. Paul J. A. QUINN, Chief Surgeon.	St. Paul J. W. CHAMBERLIN, Ophthalmic Surgeon
Everett W. C. COX	Seattle J. B. EAGLESON
Leavenworth G. W. HOXSIE	Seattle E. W. PERRY, Oculist
	Bellingham H. A. COMPTON
	Anacortes GHO. B. SMITH

